The National Association of Letter Carriers and the U.S. Postal Service have reached tentative agreement on a national labor contract, covering 213,000 active city letter carriers across America.

The tentative agreement includes provisions rewarding all letter carriers for their contributions to the Postal Service’s extraordinary comeback following the Great Recession; narrowing the compensation gap between city carrier assistants (CCAs) and career letter carriers; creating a formal mechanism to address the problems that have undermined the workplace culture of the Postal Service for much of its history; and preserving the core achievements of our bargaining history, including regular general wage increases and cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), protections against outsourcing and layoffs, as well as other contractual features that define our standard of living.

NALC President Fredric V. Rolando issued the following statement after the NALC Executive Council unanimously recommended approval of the tentative settlement:

"I’d like to thank all the officers and staff who worked so hard to help reach this tentative National Agreement. Most importantly, I want to thank our members for their patience and steadfast solidarity during the long bargaining process—the strength and unity of our union has always been our most important asset in collective bargaining. Although we were fully prepared, if necessary, to fight for our interests in binding arbitration, I am very happy that our members will have a chance to make the final decision about this contract through the ratification process outlined in our union’s constitution. The Executive Council unanimously recommends ratification of this contract."  

The major features of the contract are summarized below. Full details about the tentative agreement, along with paycharts, other contractual changes and information about new and amended memorandum of understanding (MOUs), will be presented in the June issue of The Postal Record. They will also be distributed through the union’s electronic platforms in the days to come. All these communication channels will also be used to announce the members of the Ballot Committee (who will oversee the ratification vote); the timing and details of the ratification process; and the arrangements for the 2017 National Postal Board elections, a meeting that we hope will be held in mid-June to educate branch leaders about the proposed contract so they can pass on information to their members before they cast ratification ballots.

**NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF LETTER CARRIERS HIGHLIGHTS OF TENTATIVE AGREEMENT WITH THE U.S. POSTAL SERVICE 2016-2019 NATIONAL AGREEMENT**

**Term**

The 2016 National Agreement will last 40 months, covering the period May 21, 2016, to Sept. 20, 2019.

**General wage increases and pay upgrade**

All letter carriers, career and non-career alike, will receive three wage increases as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Percentage Increase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 26, 2016</td>
<td>1.2% paid retroactively.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 26, 2016</td>
<td>1.3% effective Nov. 25, 2017.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 24, 2018</td>
<td>Effective Nov. 24, 2018, all Grade 1 letter carriers will be upgraded to Grade 2. This upgrade will result in an average wage increase of 2.1% for Grade 1 letter carriers across all current wage tables. Carrier technicians also will receive a pay increase of 2.1% percent effective Nov. 24, 2018.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CCAs will receive additional wage increases of 1% on these three dates for a total of 2.2% on Nov. 26, 2016 (paid retroactively); 2.3% on Nov. 25, 2017; and an additional 1% increase at the time of the upgrade, Nov. 24, 2018. These additional increases will be paid in lieu of cost-of-living adjustments for CCAs.

**Cost-of-living adjustments for career letter carriers**

All career letter carriers will receive seven COLAs based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) and using the existing COLA formula and the July 2014 CPI as the base month. The first two COLAs will be paid retroactively and the remaining five will be paid in the future as follows:

- The first COLA will be $25 annually effective Sept. 3, 2016, paid retroactively.
- The second COLA will be $37 annually effective March 4, 2017, paid retroactively.
- The third COLA will be effective in September 2017.
- The fourth COLA will be effective in March 2018.
- The fifth COLA will be effective in September 2018.
- The sixth COLA will be effective in March 2019.
- The seventh COLA will be effective in September 2019.

The COLAs will be applied to the two pay tables for career city carriers in the same manner used in the 2011 National Agreement.

**Recently retired letter carriers**

Letter carriers who have retired over the last several months will receive applicable retroactive general wage increases and COLAs. The Office of Personnel Management will also make any annuity adjustments made necessary by the retroactive increases.

**Step increases for city carrier assistants**

The tentative agreement would establish step increases for CCAs. In addition to the wage increases described above, CCAs will receive a 50 cents per hour raise after 12 weeks of service and an additional 50 cents per hour increase after an additional 40 weeks of service. These step increases will be paid retroactively to Nov. 26, 2016, for CCAs with pay since Nov. 26, 2016. For example, CCAs with 52 weeks of service as of Nov. 26, 2016, will get a $1 per hour raise, effective on that date and paid retroactively.

**Step advancement for certain former transitional employees**

Effective May 26, 2016, eligible former transitional employees (TEs) will be advanced in Table 2 of the letter carrier pay scale based on their length of service as TEs after Sept. 29, 2007. Such former TEs will be entitled to between 1 and four step increases as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length of Creditable TE Service</th>
<th>Number of Additional Steps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 years but less than 3 years</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years but less than 4 years</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 years but less than 5 years</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 or more years</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Job security protections for letter carriers**

The no-layoff clause that protects letter carriers after six years of service as career employees is retained in the tentative agreement. In addition, prohibitions against contracting out career city carrier work would be continued for the duration of the 2016-2019 contract, if the contract is ratified.

**Joint Workplace Improvement Process**

The tentative accord includes an MOU on improving workplace culture. The parties have agreed to establish a Joint Workplace Improvement Process to address a number of issues to provide safe, efficient work environments in which employees are treated with dignity and respect.

**CCA complement and conversion to career status**

Upon ratification, there would be a one-time conversion to career status for CCAs with relative standing date at least 30 months prior to the ratification date. The conversions would work as follows:

- In 200-workyear offices, eligible CCAs will be converted to full-time regular career status in their installation.
- In 201- and 202-workyear offices, eligible CCAs will be converted to part-time flexible career status in their installation, rather than waiting to convert to full-time career status as a CCA.

The parties have agreed to consider the possibility of another one-time conversion after one year.

Additionally, the parties have agreed to address situations where CCAs work in small offices with no clear path to a career opportunity. There is no increase to the CCA employment caps in Article 7 of the Agreement or to the number of CCAs currently on the rolls. However, the Postal Service will maintain a percentage of the additional CCAs previously agreed to by the parties through a number of MOUs. These MOUs, which would continue in the tentative agreement, have provided additional career conversion opportunities for CCAs, about 45,000 to date. The vast majority of these CCAs did not have to serve probationary periods as career employees. The MOUs continue to include a weekly meeting to monitor appropriate staffing levels through career conversions and voluntary transfer requests.

**CCA holidays**

The following six days shall be considered holidays for CCAs: New Year’s Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The amount of holiday pay a CCA will receive will be determined by the size of the office in which the CCA works.

**CCA leave provisions in local agreements**

The agreement requires the parties to negotiate choice and incidental leave provisions for CCAs during local implementation. It also establishes an alternate dispute resolution process for impasses related to CCA leave prior to arbitration.

**Article 8 improvements**

All overtime, regardless of whether such overtime was worked on a carrier’s own route, will count toward equitability for overtime desired list (ODL) carriers. Additionally, management will be required to post equitability totals weekly, rather than quarterly, on the CCA ODL. There will be a $5 per hour raise, effective on that date and paid retroactively.

An MOU is incorporated into the agreement to continue to allow the local parties the option of developing a process that allows employees who transfer from another installation or are converted to full-time following the signup period to place their names on either the ODL or the work assignment list. Existing agreements pursuant to previous versions of this MOU will remain in effect.